Study R-100 October 7, 2021

#### Memorandum 2021-50

#### Fish and Game Law: Cumulative Draft

In this study, the Commission<sup>1</sup> has been directed by the Legislature to consider revision of the Fish and Game Code in order to make technical improvements to that law, without making any significant substantive change to the effect of the law.<sup>2</sup>

In December 2018 the Commission approved a tentative recommendation that would recodify the existing Fish and Game Code in a proposed new Fish and Wildlife Code.<sup>3</sup> After releasing the tentative recommendation, the Commission decided to divide public comment into two phases.<sup>4</sup> Phase One would consist of comments on revisions to the text of existing law. Phase Two would address the proposed organizational changes.

Thereafter, the Commission decided to include proposed revisions to the text of existing law based on consideration of Phase One comments in a final recommendation to the Legislature to revise the *existing* Fish and Game Code.<sup>5</sup>

The Commission has been considering these proposed revisions in a series of memoranda that present the revisions in categories defined by the nature of the comments on the revision. Three of the categories present revisions that the staff recommends remain at least under consideration for inclusion in this final recommendation.

The first of these categories are revisions that are supported in principle by at least one Phase One commenter, with no commenter opposing the change.<sup>6</sup> When a presented revision in this category is tentatively approved by the

<sup>1.</sup> Any California Law Revision Commission document referred to in this memorandum can be obtained from the Commission. Recent materials can be downloaded from the Commission's website (www.clrc.ca.gov). Other materials can be obtained by contacting the Commission's staff, through the website or otherwise.

The Commission welcomes written comments at any time during its study process. Any comments received will be a part of the public record and may be considered at a public meeting. However, comments that are received less than five business days prior to a Commission meeting may be presented without staff analysis.

<sup>2.</sup> See 2012 Cal. Stat. res. ch.108 (ACR 98 (Wagner)).

<sup>3.</sup> See Memorandum 2018-67 and its First Supplement; Minutes (Dec. 2018), p. 10.

<sup>4.</sup> See Memorandum 2019-44, pp. 8-10; Minutes (Sept. 2019), p. 4.

<sup>5.</sup> See Memorandum 2021-11; Minutes (Feb. 2021), p. 5.

<sup>6.</sup> In presenting memoranda, this category is entitled "Changes That Should Be Made."

Commission for inclusion in the contemplated final recommendation, the revision is added to a cumulative draft of approved revisions, the latest of which is attached as an Exhibit to this memorandum.

The second and third categories of presented revisions that the staff has recommended should remain candidates for inclusion in the final recommendation are revisions that, for reasons described in the presenting memorandum, require further discussion with the commenting entities.<sup>7</sup>

To assist commenters in keeping track of revisions in these two categories once they appear in presented memoranda, these revisions are listed in a cumulative table appended to each cumulative draft.<sup>8</sup> As the Commission has directed that this table be constructed in a manner that would best provide this assistance to commenters, commenters are invited to contact Commission staff with any request that would facilitate their use of this table.

Respectfully submitted,

Steve Cohen Staff Counsel

<sup>7.</sup> In presenting memoranda, these categories are entitled "Changes that Should Presumptively Be Made" and "Further Input Required."

<sup>8.</sup> The current cumulative table also lists a handful of proposed revisions that the Commission has tentatively approved for inclusion in a final recommendation, based on an indication from a Phase One commenter that the commenter had not yet reviewed the revisions in the presenting memorandum.

# PROPOSED LEGISLATION

**Staff Note**. The proposed changes reflected in this cumulative draft have been provisionally approved by the Commission for inclusion in a draft recommendation that would propose multiple revisions of the Fish and Game Code.

**Comments**. A draft of an official Commission "Comment," which would be included in any final recommendation, follows each revised code section in the cumulative draft. Courts have routinely held that the Commission's Comments are evidence of legislative intent with regard to any legislation that implements a Commission recommendation.

The Commission welcomes public comment on any issue relating to the content of this draft or any other aspect of this study.

# Contents

FISH AND GAME CODE	1
Fish & Game Code § 70 (amended). "Resident"	1
Fish & Game Code § 398 (amended). Falconry	1
Fish & Game Code § 456 (amended). Deer management	1
Fish & Game Code § 711 (amended). Statement of legislative intent regarding fund	ing1
Fish & Game Code § 2014 (amended). Damages	3
Fish & Game Code § 2021 (amended). Shark fin	4
Fish & Game Code § 2021.5 (amended). Shark fin	4
Fish & Game Code § 2124 (amended). License requirement	5
Fish & Game Code § 2125 (amended). Civil penalty	
Fish & Game Code § 2126 (amended). Prohibited take	6
Fish & Game Code § 2127 (amended). Eligible local entity	6
Fish & Game Code § 2150.3 (amended). Advisory committee	7
Fish & Game Code § 2541 (amended). Surety bond	7
Fish & Game Code § 2576 (amended). Prohibitions	8
Fish & Game Code § 2582 (amended). Administrative penalties for specified condu	et8
Fish & Game Code § 2583 (amended). Administrative penalties for specified condu	et9
Fish & Game Code § 2584 (amended). Penalty process	9
Fish & Game Code § 2585 (amended). Forfeiture not precluded by penalty	11
Fish & Game Code § 2586 (amended). Reward	11
Fish & Game Code § 2587 (amended). Enforcement of penalty	11
Fish & Game Code § 2588 (amended). Deposit of penalties and revenue	12
Fish & Game Code § 3004.5 (amended). Take within California condor range	12
Fish & Game Code § 3040 (amended). Free hunting days	14
Fish & Game Code § 3200 (amended). License requirement	15
Fish & Game Code § 3270 (amended). Game bird club	15
Fish & Game Code § 3500 (amended). Upland game bird	15
Fish & Game Code § 3700.1 (amended). Required validation	16
Fish & Game Code § 3701 (amended). State Duck Stamp Account	16
Fish & Game Code § 3702.5 (amended). Duck stamp	17
Fish & Game Code § 3704 (amended). Duck stamp fee	
Fish & Game Code § 3704.5 (amended). Waterfowl projects	
Fish & Game Code § 3961 (amended). Seizure or dispatch generally	
Fish & Game Code § 4180.2 (added). "Wild pigs"	18
Fish & Game Code § 4181.1 (amended). Protection of property	18

Fish & Game Code § 4332 (amended). Deer tag	19
Fish & Game Code § 4651 (amended). Management plan	20
Fish & Game Code § 4656 (repealed) Revenue deposit and management	20
Fish & Game Code § 5650.1 (amended). Specified punishments	21
Fish & Game Code § 6924 (repealed). Report of determined elements of program	22
Fish & Game Code § 7120 (amended). Bag limits	22
Fish & Game Code § 7149.05 (amended). Sport fishing license	22
Fish & Game Code § 7149.2 (amended). Lifetime sport fishing license	23
Fish & Game Code § 7232 (amended). Fish offal	
Fish & Game Code § 7850 (amended). Activity requiring license	24
Fish & Game Code § 7921 (amended). Commercial passenger fishing vessel license	
Fish & Game Code § 8032 (amended). Types of licenses	25
Fish & Game Code § 8037 (amended). License on premises of business	26
Fish & Game Code § 8246 (amended). Compromise or dismissal of suspension or	
revocation of commercial salmon fishing privilege	
Fish & Game Code § 8246.2 (amended). Determination of civil damages	27
Fish & Game Code § 8603 (amended). Prohibition against use of gear to take fish except as	
authorized	
Fish & Game Code § 8606.1 (repealed). Use of nearshore trawl nets	
Fish & Game Code § 8625 (amended). Nets for halibut	
Fish & Game Code § 8626 (amended). Nets for halibut	
Fish & Game Code § 8752 (amended). Districts 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11	
Fish & Game Code § 8754 (amended). Districts 16, 17, 18, and 19	
Fish & Game Code § 8755 (amended). Districts 20, 20A, and 21	
Fish & Game Code § 8756 (amended). Salmon, steelhead, striped bass, or shad	
Fish & Game Code § 8780 (amended). Use of bait nets	
Fish & Game Code § 8841 (amended). Bottom trawl fisheries	
Fish & Game Code § 9001.7 (amended). Criteria for use of trap	
Fish & Game Code § 9050 (amended). Miscellaneous tools	
Fish & Game Code § 11018 (amended). District 10	
Fish & Game Code § 12001.5 (amended). Specified punishments	
Fish & Game Code § 12002 (amended). Specified punishments	
Fish & Game Code § 12002.2.1 (amended). Punishments for specified offenses	
Fish & Game Code § 12023 (amended). Specified punishments	
Fish & Game Code § 15700 (amended). Composition of committee	36

#### PROPOSED LEGISLATION

#### FISH AND GAME CODE

# Fish & Game Code § 70 (amended). "Resident"

- 2 SEC. \_\_\_. Section 70 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 3 70. "Resident" means any person who has resided continuously in the State of
- 4 California for six months or more immediately prior to the date of his application
- for a license or permit, any person on active military duty with the Armed Forces of
- 6 the United States or auxiliary branch thereof, or any person enrolled in the Job Corps
- established pursuant to Section 2883 of Title 29 of the United States Code.
- 8 **Comment.** Section 70 is amended to make the section gender neutral.

#### 9 Fish & Game Code § 398 (amended). Falconry

- SEC. \_\_\_. Section 398 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 398. The base year for determining the inflationary index applied to the fee
- established by Section 396 shall be the 1984–85 fiscal year, and the base year for
- determining the inflationary index to be applied to the fee established by Section
- 14 397 shall be the 1985–86 fiscal year.
- 15 **Comment.** Section 398 is amended to delete obsolete material.

#### 16 Fish & Game Code § 456 (amended). Deer management

- SEC. \_\_\_. Section 456 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 456. The department shall biennially report to the Legislature and to the Fish and
- 19 Game Commission on the progress that is being made toward the restoration and
- 20 maintenance of California's deer herds. The first report shall be submitted on or
- before October 1, 1989. The report shall include program activities regarding deer
- 22 habitat, particularly addressing problems dealing with identification and
- preservation of critical deer habitat areas; the amount of revenue derived from the
- sale of deer tags during the two previous fiscal years; a list of expenditures during
- 25 the two previous fiscal years and proposed expenditures during the current fiscal
- year; and a report of general benefits accrued to the deer resources as a result of the
- 27 program.
- 28 **Comment.** Section 456 is amended to delete obsolete material.

#### 29 Fish & Game Code § 711 (amended). Statement of legislative intent regarding funding

- SEC. \_\_\_. Section 711 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 711. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to ensure adequate funding from
- 32 appropriate sources for the department. To this end, the Legislature finds and
- 33 declares that:

(1) The costs of nongame fish and wildlife programs shall be provided annually in the Budget Act by appropriating money from the General Fund, through nongame user fees, and sources other than the Fish and Game Preservation Fund to the department for these purposes.

- (2) The costs of commercial fishing programs shall be provided out of revenues from commercial fishing landing fees, license fees, and other revenues, from reimbursements and federal funds received for commercial fishing programs, and other funds appropriated by the Legislature for this purpose.
- (3) The costs of hunting and sportfishing programs shall be provided out of hunting and sportfishing revenues and reimbursements and federal funds received for hunting and sportfishing programs, and other funds appropriated by the Legislature for this purpose. These revenues, reimbursements, and federal funds shall not be used to support commercial fishing programs, free hunting and fishing license programs, or nongame fish and wildlife programs.
- (4) The costs of managing lands managed by the department and the costs of wildlife management programs shall be supplemented out of revenues in the Native Species Conservation and Enhancement Account in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund.
- (5) Hunting, sportfishing, and sport ocean fishing license fees shall be adjusted annually to an amount equal to that computed pursuant to Section 713. However, a substantial increase in the aggregate of hunting and sportfishing programs shall be reflected by appropriate amendments to the sections of this code that establish the base sport license fee levels. The inflationary index provided in Section 713 shall not be used to accommodate a substantial increase in the aggregate of hunting and sportfishing programs.
- (6) The costs of a conservation and mitigation banking program, including, but not limited to, costs incurred by the department during its adoption of guidelines for, and the review, approval, establishment, monitoring, and oversight of, banks, shall be reimbursed from revenues of conservation and mitigation bank application fees imposed pursuant to Sections 1798.5, 1798.6, and 1799.
- (b) The director and the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency, with the department's annual budget submittal to the Legislature, shall submit a report on the fund condition, including the expenditures and revenue, for all accounts and subaccounts within the Fish and Game Preservation Fund. The department shall also update its cost allocation plan to reflect the costs of program activities.
- (c) For purposes of this article section, "substantial increase" means an increase in excess of 5 percent of the Fish and Game Preservation Fund portion of the department's current year support budget, excluding cost-of-living increases provided for salaries, staff benefits, and operating expenses.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (c) of Section 711 is amended to provide greater specificity without changing the substance of the provision.

### Fish & Game Code § 2014 (amended). Damages

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2014 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 2014. (a) It is the policy of this state to conserve its natural resources and to prevent the willful or negligent destruction of birds, mammals, fish, reptiles, or amphibia.
- (b) The state may recover damages in a civil action against any person or local agency which unlawfully or negligently takes or destroys any bird, mammal, fish, reptile, or amphibian protected by the laws of this state.
- (b) (c) The measure of damages is the amount which that will compensate for all the detriment proximately caused by the taking or destruction of the birds, mammals, fish, reptiles, or amphibia.
- (e) (d) An action to recover damages under this section shall be brought in the name of the people of the state, in a court of competent jurisdiction in the county in which the cause of action arose. The State Water Resources Control Board shall be notified of, and may join in, any action brought under this section when the activities alleged to have caused the destruction of any bird, mammal, fish, reptile, or amphibian may involve either the unlawful discharge of pollutants into the waters of the state or other violation of Division 7 (commencing with Section 13000) of the Water Code.
- (d) (e) This section does not apply to persons or local agencies engaged in agricultural pest control, to the destruction of fish in irrigation canals or works or irrigation drainages, or to the destruction of birds or mammals killed while damaging crops as provided by law any of the following:
  - (1) Persons or local agencies engaged in agricultural pest control.
  - (2) The destruction of fish in irrigation canals or works, or irrigation drainages.
  - (3) The lawful destruction of a bird or mammal killed while damaging crops.
- (e) (f) No damages may be recovered against a local agency pursuant to this section if civil or administrative penalties are assessed against the local agency for the same detriment pursuant to Division 7 (commencing with Section 13000) of the Water Code.
- (f) (g) Any recovery or settlement of money damages, including, but not limited to, civil penalties, arising out of any civil action filed and maintained by the Attorney General in the enforcement of this section shall be deposited by the department in the subaccounts of the Fish and Wildlife Pollution Account in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund as specified in Section 13011.
- (g) (h) For purposes of this section, "local agency" includes any city, county, city and county, district, public authority, or other political subdivision.
- **Comment**. The second paragraph of subdivision (a) of Section 2014 is amended to designate it as subdivision (b). All of the subdivisions that follow are redesignated to reflect that change.
- Newly designated subdivision (c) is amended to make clear that the measure of damages for unlawful or negligent take or destruction can include the detriment caused by taking, even if the animal is not destroyed.
- Newly designated subdivision (e) is amended to eliminate an ambiguous use of the phrase "as provided by law."

Newly designated subdivision (f) is amended to make clear that the provision applies to both judicial and administrative penalties.

#### Fish & Game Code § 2021 (amended). Shark fin

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- SEC. . Section 2021 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 5 2021. (a) As used in this section "shark fin" means the raw, dried, or otherwise 6 processed detached fin, or the raw, dried, or otherwise processed detached tail, of 7 an elasmobranch.
  - (b) Except as otherwise provided in subdivisions (c), (d), and (e), it shall be unlawful for any person to possess, sell, offer for sale, trade, or distribute a shark fin.
  - (c) Any person who holds a license or permit pursuant to Section 1002 may possess a shark fin or fins consistent with that license or permit.
  - (d) Any person who holds a license or permit issued by the department to take or land sharks for recreational or commercial purposes may possess a shark fin or fins consistent with that license or permit.
  - (e) Before January 1, 2013, any restaurant may possess, sell, offer for sale, trade, or distribute a shark fin possessed by that restaurant, as of January 1, 2012, that is prepared for consumption.
    - **Comment**. Section 2021 is amended to delete obsolete material.

#### 20 Fish & Game Code § 2021.5 (amended). Shark fin

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2021.5 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 22 2021.5. (a) Notwithstanding Section 2021, all of the following provisions apply:
  - (1) Any person who holds a license or permit issued by the department to take or land sharks for recreational or commercial purposes may possess, including for purposes of consumption or taxidermy, or may donate to a person licensed or permitted pursuant to Section 1002, a shark fin or fins consistent with that license or permit.
  - (2) Before July 1, 2013, any person may possess, sell, offer for sale, trade, or distribute a shark fin possessed by that person, as of January 1, 2012.
  - (3) Nothing in Section 2021 prohibits the sale or possession of a shark carcass, skin, or fin for taxidermy purposes pursuant to Section 3087.
  - (b) (1) The Ocean Protection Council shall submit an annual report to the Legislature that lists any shark species that have been independently certified to meet internationally accepted standards for sustainable seafood, as defined in Section 35550 of the Public Resources Code, and adopted by the Ocean Protection Council pursuant to Section 35617 of the Public Resources Code, including chain of custody standards.
  - (2) A report to be submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be submitted in compliance with Section 9795 of the Government Code.
    - **Comment**. Section 2021.5 is amended to delete obsolete material.

#### Fish & Game Code § 2124 (amended). License requirement

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2124 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 2124. (a) The department may reimburse eligible local entities, pursuant to a memorandum of understanding entered into pursuant to this section, for costs incurred by the eligible local entities in the administration and enforcement of any provision concerning the possession of, handling of, care for, or holding facilities provided for, a wild animal enumerated in or designated pursuant to Section 2118.
- (b) The department may enter into memorandums of understanding with eligible local entities for the administration and enforcement of any provision concerning the possession of, handling of, care for, or holding facilities provided for, a wild animal enumerated in or designated pursuant to Section 2118.
- (c) The commission shall adopt regulations that establish specific criteria an eligible local entity shall meet in order to qualify as an eligible local entity.
- (d) For the purposes of this division, "eligible local entity" means a county, local animal control officer, local humane society official, educational institution, or trained private individual that enters into a memorandum of understanding with the department pursuant to this section.
- **Comment.** Subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 2124 are amended to conform to statutory language used in other code sections referring to animals listed in Section 2118. See Sections 2123, 2185, 2190.

#### Fish & Game Code § 2125 (amended). Civil penalty

- SEC. . Section 2125 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 2125. (a) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any person who violates this chapter or any regulations implementing this chapter, is subject to a civil penalty of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each violation. Except as otherwise provided, any violation of this chapter or of any regulations implementing this chapter is a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than six months, or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (b) The Attorney General, or the city attorney of the city or the district attorney or county counsel of the county in which a violation of this article occurs, may bring a civil action to recover the civil penalty in subdivision (a) and the costs of seizing and holding the animal listed in enumerated in or designated pursuant to Section 2118, except to the extent that those costs have already been collected as provided by subdivision (d). The civil action shall be brought in the county in which the violation occurs and any penalty imposed shall be transferred to the Controller for deposit in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund in accordance with Section 13001.
- (c) In an action brought under this section, in addition to the penalty specified in subdivision (a), the reasonable costs of investigation, reasonable attorney's fees, and reasonable expert witness' fees may also be recovered and those amounts shall be credited to the same operating funds as those from which the expenditures for those purposes were derived.

- (d) (1) If an animal is confiscated because the animal was kept in contravention of this chapter or any implementing regulations, the person claiming the animal shall pay to the department or the new custodian of the animal an amount sufficient to cover all reasonable expenses expected to be incurred in caring for and providing for the animal for at least 30 days, including, but not limited to, the estimated cost of food, medical care, and housing.
- (2) If the person claiming the animal fails to comply with the terms of his or her their permit and to regain possession of the animal by the expiration of the first 30-day period, the department may euthanize the animal or place the animal with an appropriate wild animal facility at the end of the 30 days, unless the person claiming the animal pays all reasonable costs of caring for the animal for a second 30-day period before the expiration of the first 30-day period. If the permittee is still not in compliance with the terms of the permit at the end of the second 30-day period, the department may euthanize the animal or place the animal in an appropriate wild animal facility.
- (3) The amount of the payments described in paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be determined by the department, and shall be based on the current reasonable costs to feed, provide medical care for, and house the animal. If the person claiming the animal complies with the terms of his or her their permit and regains possession of the animal, any unused portion of the payments required pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be returned to the person claiming the animal no later than 90 days after the date on which the person regains possession of the animal.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (b) of Section 2125 is amended to to conform to statutory language used in other code sections referring to animals listed in Section 2118. See Sections 2123, 2185, 2190.
- The section is also amended to make it gender neutral.

#### Fish & Game Code § 2126 (amended). Prohibited take

- SEC. . Section 2126 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 2126. (a) Except as otherwise authorized by this code or regulations made pursuant thereto, it is unlawful for any person to take any mammal as identified by enumerated in or designated pursuant to Section 2118.
- (b) This section does not prohibit the euthanasia of a mammal as appropriately directed by a licensed veterinarian or animal health technician.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 2126 is amended to conform to statutory language used in other code sections referring to animals listed in Section 2118. See Sections 2123, 2185, 2190.

#### Fish & Game Code § 2127 (amended). Eligible local entity

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2127 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 2127. (a) The department may reimburse eligible local entities, pursuant to a memorandum of understanding entered into pursuant to this section, for costs incurred by the eligible local entities in the administration and enforcement of any provision concerning the possession of, handling of, care for, or holding facilities provided for, a wild animal enumerated in or designated pursuant to Section 2118.

- (b) The department may enter into memorandums of understanding with eligible local entities for the administration and enforcement of any provision concerning the possession of, handling of, care for, or holding facilities provided for, a wild animal enumerated in or designated pursuant to Section 2118.
- (c) The commission shall adopt regulations that establish specific criteria an eligible local entity shall meet in order to qualify as an eligible local entity.
- (d) For the purposes of this division, "eligible local entity" means a county, local animal control officer, local humane society official, educational institution, or trained private individual that enters into a memorandum of understanding with the department pursuant to this section.
- Comment. Subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 2127 are amended to conform to statutory language used in other code sections referring to animals listed in Section 2118. See Sections 2123, 2185, 2190.

# Fish & Game Code § 2150.3 (amended). Advisory committee

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2150.3 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 16 2150.3. (a) The director shall appoint a committee to advise the director on the humane care and treatment of wild animals.
  - (b) The committee shall make recommendations to the director for the establishment of standards of performance for administration and enforcement, which shall include, but are not limited to, requiring that the eligible local entity possess a knowledge of humane wild animal training methods.
  - (c) The committee shall make recommendations to the director as to the frequency of inspections necessary for the enforcement and administration of any provision concerning the possession of, handling of, care for, or holding facilities provided for, a wild animal enumerated in or designated pursuant to Section 2118.
  - (d) The committee shall advise and assist the director in entering into memorandums of understanding with eligible local entities and in determining whether the memorandums of understanding meet the requirements of this chapter.
- Comment. Subdivision (c) of Section 2150.3 is amended to conform to statutory language used in other code sections referring to animals listed in Section 2118. See Sections 2123, 2185, 2190.

#### Fish & Game Code § 2541 (amended). Surety bond

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2541 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 2541. Each applicant for a guide license shall submit proof of having obtained a surety bond in the amount of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) which shall insure, conditioned on faithful performance of the guide and his or her the guide's agents or employees in fulfilling their responsibilities to their clients. No guide license shall be issued to any applicant who does not submit proof of having a bond which that is valid for the term of the license.
- Comment. Section 2541 is amended to delete obsolete material and make nonsubstantive technical changes.

#### Fish & Game Code § 2576 (amended). Prohibitions

- SEC. \_\_\_. Section 2576 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 2576. It is unlawful to knowingly capture for sale, transport for sale or sell wild rodents, except as provided in Article 1.5 1 (commencing with Section 1000) of Chapter 3 of Division 2.
  - **Comment.** Section 2576 is amended to update a cross-reference to an article that was renumbered.

#### Fish & Game Code § 2582 (amended). Administrative penalties for specified conduct

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2582 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 2582. (a) The department may impose eivil liability an administrative penalty upon any person pursuant to this chapter for any of the following acts done for profit or personal gain:
- (1) Unlawfully export, import, transport, sell, possess, receive, acquire, or purchase, or unlawfully assist, conspire, or aid in the importing, exporting, transporting, sale, possession, receiving, acquisition, or purchasing of, any bird, mammal, amphibian, reptile, or fish which are taken or possessed in violation of this code or the regulations adopted pursuant to this code.
- (2) Unlawfully export, import, transport, sell, possess, receive, acquire, or purchase, or unlawfully assist, conspire, or aid in the importing, exporting, transporting, sale, possession, receiving, acquisition, or purchasing of any plants, insects, or other species listed pursuant to the California Endangered Species Act (Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 2050)), which are taken or possessed in violation of this code or the regulations adopted pursuant to this code.
- (3) Unlawfully export, import, transport, sell, possess, receive, acquire, or purchase any bird, mammal, amphibian, reptile, or fish, or any endangered or threatened species, or any fully protected bird, mammal, or fish which has been taken, possessed, transported, or sold in violation of this code or the regulations adopted pursuant to this code.
- (4) Unlawfully possess any bird, mammal, amphibian, reptile, or fish, or any endangered or threatened species, or any fully protected bird, mammal, or fish which has been taken, possessed, transported, or sold in violation of this code or any regulations adopted pursuant to this code within the maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the state or within the portions of the special maritime jurisdiction of the United States upon which the State of California exercises concurrent jurisdiction, either by statute, deputization, or by contract with the United States.
- (5) Having exported, imported, transported, sold, purchased, or received any bird, mammal, amphibian, reptile, or fish, or any endangered or threatened species, or any fully protected bird, mammal, or fish, unlawfully make or submit any false record, account, label, or identification thereof.
- (6) Attempt to commit any unlawful act, or unlawfully attempt to commit any act, described in paragraphs (1) to (5), inclusive.

(b) The department may impose eivil liability an administrative penalty upon any person pursuant to this chapter for unlawfully exporting, importing, possessing, receiving, or transporting in interstate commerce any container or package containing any bird, mammal, amphibian, reptile, or fish, or any endangered or threatened species, or any fully protected bird, mammal, or fish unless the container or package has previously been plainly marked, labeled, or tagged in accordance with this code and the regulations adopted pursuant to this code.

- (c) The department may impose <u>eivil liability</u> <u>an administrative penalty</u> upon any person pursuant to this chapter for any unlawful failure or refusal to maintain any records or paperwork as required by this code.
- **Comment.** Section 2582 is amended to replace references to "civil liability" with references to "an administrative penalty." This is a nonsubstantive clarification.

# Fish & Game Code § 2583 (amended). Administrative penalties for specified conduct

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2583 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 2583. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), any person who violates this code or any regulation adopted to carry out this code, and, with the exercise of due care, should have known that the birds, mammals, amphibians, reptiles, or fish, or the endangered or threatened species, or the fully protected birds, mammals, or fish were taken, possessed, transported, imported, received, purchased, acquired, or sold in violation of, or in a manner unlawful under, this code, may be assessed a civil an administrative penalty. The civil administrative penalty imposed under this chapter by the department shall not be more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each bird, mammal, amphibian, reptile, or fish, or for each endangered or threatened species, or each fully protected bird, mammal, or fish unlawfully taken, possessed, transported, imported, received, purchased, acquired, or sold. This civil administrative penalty may be in addition to any other penalty, civil or criminal, provided in this code or otherwise by law.
- (b) No eivil administrative penalties shall be imposed under this chapter until the guidelines for the imposition of the penalties are adopted by the commission pursuant to Section 500.
- Comment. Section 2583 is amended to replace references to a "civil penalty" with references to an "administrative penalty." This is a nonsubstantive clarification.

#### Fish & Game Code § 2584 (amended). Penalty process

- SEC. . Section 2584 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
  - 2584. (a) Upon an actionable violation, the department shall consult, as to the appropriate civil or criminal remedy, with the district attorney in the jurisdiction where the violation was alleged to have occurred. Before proceeding with a civil action, the department shall seek the concurrence of the Attorney General.
  - (b) The director shall appoint a qualified referee or hearing board, composed of one or any combination of the following persons:
    - (1) A qualified hearing officer, as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 2580.

(2) A retired judge of the Superior Court who is knowledgeable in fish and wildlife law.

- (3) A qualified neutral referee, appointed upon petition to the Superior Court in which the violation was alleged to have occurred.
- (c) The director, after investigation of the facts and circumstances, may issue a complaint to any person on whom a civil an administrative penalty may be imposed pursuant to Section 2582 or 2583. The complaint shall allege the acts or failures to act that constitute a basis for a civil an administrative penalty and the amount of the proposed civil administrative penalty. The complaint shall be served by personal service or certified mail and shall inform the person so served that a hearing shall be conducted within 60 days after the person has been served, unless the person waives the right to a hearing. If the person waives the right to a hearing, the department shall issue an order setting liability in the amount proposed in the complaint. If the person has waived the right to a hearing or if the department and the person have entered into a settlement agreement, the order shall be final.
- (d) Any hearing required under this section shall be conducted by a referee or hearing board according to the procedures specified in Sections 11507 to 11517, inclusive, of the Government Code, except as otherwise provided in this section. In making a determination, the hearing officer may consider the records of the department in the matter, the complaint, and any new facts brought to his or her attention by that person. The hearing officer shall be the sole trier of fact as to the existence of a basis for liability under Section 2582 or 2583. The hearing officer shall make the determination of the facts of the case and shall prepare and submit the proposed decision, including recommended penalty assessment, to the director for his or her review and assistance in the penalty assessment process.
- (e) The director may assess the eivil administrative penalty, and may reduce the amount, or not impose any assessment, of eivil administrative penalties based upon the nature, circumstances, extent, and gravity of the prohibited acts alleged, and the degree of culpability of the violator; or the director may enter into a settlement agreement with the person in the best interests of the state or confirm the amount of eivil administrative penalties contained in the complaint. If the director reduces the amount of the eivil administrative penalty, does not impose the eivil administrative penalty, or enters into a settlement agreement, the director shall seek the recommendation of the hearing officer and enter into the records of the case the reasons for that action, including the hearing officer's recommendation. The decision of the director assessing the eivil administrative penalty is final. The proposed decision is a public record and shall be served upon the person. The director may approve the proposed decision in its entirety, or the director may reduce the proposed penalty and adopt the balance of the proposed decision.
- (f) Upon the final assessment of the <u>eivil administrative</u> penalty, the department shall issue an order setting the amount of the <u>eivil administrative</u> penalty to be imposed. An order setting <u>eivil liability</u> an administrative penalty under this section becomes effective and final upon the issuance thereof, and payment shall be made

- within 30 days of issuance. Copies of the order shall be served by personal service or by certified mail upon the person served with the complaint and upon other persons who appeared before the director and requested a copy. Copies of the order shall be provided to any person within 10 days of receipt of a written request from that person.
  - (g) Within 30 days after service of a copy of an order setting the amount of the eivil administrative penalty, any person so served may file with the superior court a petition for a writ of mandate for review of the order. In all proceedings pursuant to this subdivision, the court shall exercise its independent judgment on the evidence in the whole record. The filing of a petition for a writ of mandate shall not stay any other civil or criminal action.
- (h) The records of the case, after all appeals are final, are public records, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 6252 of the Government Code.
- **Comment.** Section 2584 is amended to replace references to a "civil penalty" with references to 14 15 an "administrative penalty." This is a nonsubstantive clarification.

# Fish & Game Code § 2585 (amended). Forfeiture not precluded by penalty

- SEC. \_. Section 2585 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read: 17
- 2585. The <u>civil</u> <u>administrative</u> penalties imposed under this chapter are in addition 18
- to any forfeiture of equipment pursuant to Section 12157 or forfeiture of birds, 19
- mammals, amphibia, reptiles, or fish pursuant to Section 12159. 20
- **Comment**. Section 2585 is amended to replace a reference to "civil penalties" with a reference 21 to "administrative penalties." This is a nonsubstantive clarification. 22

#### Fish & Game Code § 2586 (amended). Reward 23

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2586 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 2586. (a) The director may pay a reward from any funds available for that purpose 25
- to any person who furnished information which led to an arrest, a criminal 26
- conviction, an order of assessment of a civil an administrative penalty, or for 27
- forfeiture of property for any violation of this code or any regulation adopted 28
- pursuant to this code. The amount of reward, if any, shall be designated by the 29
- director with the advice of the CalTIP Award Board. 30
- (b) This chapter does not apply to any action brought to recover damages under 31 Section 2014.
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Comment. Section 2586 is amended to replace a reference to a "civil penalty" with a reference 33 34 to an "administrative penalty." This is a nonsubstantive clarification.

#### Fish & Game Code § 2587 (amended). Enforcement of penalty 35

- SEC. . Section 2587 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read: 36
- 2587. (a) Notwithstanding Section 12511 of the Government Code, the 37
- department may retain or appoint legal counsel to prepare and prosecute civil 38
- actions under this chapter. 39

- (b) Any action to recover <u>eivil</u> <u>administrative</u> penalties imposed under this chapter shall be commenced within three years after discovery of the commission of the offense.
- Comment. Section 2587 is amended to replace a reference to "civil penalties" with a reference to "administrative penalties." This is a nonsubstantive clarification.

#### 6 Fish & Game Code § 2588 (amended). Deposit of penalties and revenue

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 2588 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 2588. All <u>eivil</u> <u>administrative</u> penalties and revenues from forfeitures collected pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund.
- **Comment.** Section 2588 is amended to replace a reference to a reference to "civil penalties" with a reference to "administrative penalties." This is a nonsubstantive clarification.

# Fish & Game Code § 3004.5 (amended). Take within California condor range

- SEC. . Section 3004.5 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 3004.5. (a)(1) Nonlead centerfire rifle and pistol ammunition, as determined by the commission, shall be required when taking big game, as defined in the department's mammal hunting regulations (14 Cal. Code Regs. 350), with rifle or pistol, and when taking coyote, within the California condor range.
  - (2) For purposes of this section, "California condor range" means:
- (A) The department's deer hunting zone A South, but excluding Santa Cruz, Alameda, Contra Costa, San Mateo, and San Joaquin Counties, areas west of Highway 101 within Santa Clara County, and areas between Highway 5 and Highway 99 within Stanislaus, Merced, Madera, Fresno, Kings, Tulare, and Kern Counties.
  - (B) Areas within deer hunting zones D7, D8, D9, D10, D11, and D13.
  - (3) The requirements of this subdivision shall remain in effect in the California condor range unless and until the more restrictive nonlead prohibitions required pursuant to subdivision (b) are implemented.
  - (b) Except as provided in subdivision (j), and as soon as is practicable as implemented by the commission pursuant to subdivision (i), but by no later than July 1, 2019, nonlead ammunition, as determined by the commission, shall be required when taking all wildlife, including game mammals, game birds, nongame birds, and nongame mammals, with any firearm.
  - (c)(1) The commission shall maintain, by regulation, a public process to certify ammunition as nonlead ammunition, and shall define, by regulation, nonlead ammunition as including only ammunition in which there is no lead content, excluding the presence of trace amounts of lead. The commission shall establish and annually update a list of certified ammunition.
  - (2) The list of certified ammunition shall include, but not be limited to, any federally approved nontoxic shotgun ammunition.
  - (d)(1) To the extent that funding is available, the commission shall establish a process that will provide hunters with nonlead ammunition at no or reduced charge.

The process shall provide that the offer for nonlead ammunition at no or reduced charge may be redeemed through a coupon sent to a permitholder with the appropriate permit tag. If available funding is not sufficient to provide nonlead ammunition at no charge, the commission shall set the value of the reduced charge coupon at the maximum value possible through available funding, up to the average cost within this state for nonlead ammunition, as determined by the commission.

- (2) The nonlead ammunition coupon program described in paragraph (1) shall be implemented only to the extent that sufficient funding, as determined by the Department of Finance, is obtained from local, federal, public, or other nonstate sources in order to implement the program.
- (3) If the nonlead ammunition coupon program is implemented, the commission shall issue a report on the usage and redemption rates of ammunition coupons. The report shall cover calendar years 2008, 2009, and 2012. Each report shall be issued by June of the following year.
- (e) The commission shall issue a report on the levels of lead found in California condors. This report shall cover calendar years 2008, 2009, and 2012. Each report shall be issued by June of the following year.
- (f) (e) The department shall notify those hunters who may be affected by this section.
- (g) (f) A person who violates any provision of this section is guilty of an infraction punishable by a fine of five hundred dollars (\$500). A second or subsequent offense shall be punishable by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
- (h) (g) This section does not apply to government officials or their agents when carrying out a statutory duty required by law.
- (i) (h) The commission shall promulgate regulations by July 1, 2015, that phase in the requirements of this section. The requirements of this section shall be fully implemented statewide by no later than July 1, 2019. If any of the requirements of this section can be implemented practicably, in whole or in part, in advance of July 1, 2019, the commission shall implement those requirements. The commission shall not reduce or eliminate any existing regulatory restrictions on the use of lead ammunition in California condor range unless or until the additional requirements for use of nonlead ammunition as required by this section are implemented.
- (j) (i)(1) The prohibition in subdivision (b) shall be temporarily suspended for a specific hunting season and caliber upon a finding by the director that nonlead ammunition of a specific caliber is not commercially available from any manufacturer because of federal prohibitions relating to armor-piercing ammunition pursuant to Chapter 44 (commencing with Section 921) of Title 18 of the United States Code.

(2) Notwithstanding a suspension pursuant to paragraph (1), nonlead ammunition shall be used when taking big game mammals, nongame birds, or nongame mammals in the California condor range, as defined in subdivision (a).

Comment. Paragraph (3) of subdivision (d) of Section 3004.5, and subdivision (e) of Section 3004.5, are deleted as obsolete.

#### Fish & Game Code § 3040 (amended). Free hunting days

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- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 3040 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 3040. (a) Notwithstanding Section 3031, the director may designate two days per year as "Free Hunting Days." One free hunting day may be established during the fall hunting season, and the other free hunting day may be established during the winter hunting season. The department shall publish the exact dates of the free hunting days in annual publications of the department regarding current hunting regulations.
- (b) During a free hunting day, a California resident may hunt if accompanied by a hunter who holds a valid hunting license issued by the State of California, has held a valid hunting license for at least the last three consecutive years, is at least 21 years of age, and accompanies only one unlicensed hunter in the field at a time. An unlicensed hunter shall participate in the free hunting days for only one license year and shall complete a hunter education course approved by the department and register with the department, or an agent of the department, prior to participating in a free hunting day. While engaged in hunting activities, the unlicensed hunter shall remain in close visual and verbal contact with the licensed hunter at all times so that the licensed hunter is able to provide adequate direction and immediately assume control of a firearm from the unlicensed hunter at any time.
- (c) An unlicensed hunter who participates in a free hunting day shall have in his or her possession all of the following:
- (1) A certificate of completion of a course in hunter education as required in paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section 3050.
  - (2) Any required tags or report cards.
  - (3) Any required federal entitlements.
  - (4) Any required entry permits.
- (d) Unlicensed hunters participating in free hunting days shall not take any species that requires a draw or lottery to obtain a tag.
- (e) An unlicensed hunter hunting pursuant to this section is subject to all of the limitations, restrictions, conditions, statutes, rules, and regulations applicable to the holder of a valid hunting license, except the requirement to possess a valid hunting license.
- (f) The department may adopt additional minimum requirements and restrictions for a licensed hunter or unlicensed hunter participating in a free hunting day pursuant to this section.
- (g) This section shall not be implemented until the department's Automated License Data System is fully operational for at least one year. 42

**Comment.** Subdivision (g) of Section 3040 is deleted as obsolete.

#### Fish & Game Code § 3200 (amended). License requirement

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- SEC. . Section 3200 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 3200. Any person engaged in raising or importing, or who keeps in captivity, in this state domesticated game birds or domesticated game mammals which normally exist in the wild in this state shall procure a domesticated game breeder's license if the birds or mammals are kept more than 30 days after acquisition. No license is, however, required of any of the following:
  - (a) Licensed pheasant clubs, except to the extent provided in Section 3283.
- (b) Licensed domesticated migratory game bird shooting areas as defined in Article 4 (commencing with Section 3300) of Chapter 2 of Part 1 of Division 4.
- (c) Keepers of hotels, restaurants, boardinghouses, or clubs serving the meat of those birds or mammals for actual consumption on the premises.
  - (d) Retail meat dealers selling such meat to customers for actual consumption.
- (e) Public zoological gardens possessing those birds or mammals for exhibition purposes or for the purpose of disposing of the birds or mammals by sale, exchange, or donation to other public zoological gardens.
- 18 **Comment**. Subdivision (a) of Section 3200 is amended to delete a cross-reference to a repealed code section.

#### 20 Fish & Game Code § 3270 (amended). Game bird club

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 3270 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 3270. (a) In order to provide additional hunting by stocking domestically propagated game birds, and to permit the taking of game birds under conditions that
- will not conflict with the public interest, any person who owns or controls the
- 25 hunting rights on a tract of land may apply to the department for a game bird club
- license authorizing the taking of game birds upon that land in accordance with the
- 27 regulations of the commission for the administration, including the implementation
- and enforcement, of this section.
- 29 (b) This section shall become operative on July 1, 1995.
- 30 **Comment.** Section 3270 is amended to delete obsolete material.

#### 31 Fish & Game Code § 3500 (amended). Upland game bird

- 32 SEC. . Section 3500 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 33 3500. (a) Resident game birds are as follows:
- 34 (1) Doves of the genus Streptopelia, including, but not limited to, spotted doves,
- ringed turtledoves, and Eurasian collared-doves.
- 36 (2) California quail and varieties thereof.
- 37 (3) Gambel's or desert quail.
- 38 (4) Mountain quail and varieties thereof.
- 39 (5) Sooty or blue grouse and varieties thereof.
- 40 (6) Ruffed grouse.

- 1 (7) Sage hens or sage grouse.
- 2 (8) Hungarian partridges.
- 3 (9) Red-legged partridges including the chukar and other varieties.
- 4 (10) Ring-necked pheasants and varieties thereof.
- 5 (11) Wild turkeys of the order Galliformes.
- 6 (12) White-tailed ptarmigan.
- 7 (b) Migratory game birds are as follows:
- 8 (1) Ducks and geese.
- 9 (2) Coots and gallinules.
- 10 (3) Jacksnipe.

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- (4) Western mourning doves.
- 12 (5) White-winged doves.
- 13 (6) Band-tailed pigeons.
- (c) References in this code to "game birds" means both resident game birds and migratory game birds.

**Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 3500 is amended to include the white-tailed ptarmigan as a resident game bird. This is consistent with existing law and practice. See Section 3683(a)(8) ("resident game bird" includes white tailed ptarmigan). See also 14 Cal. Code Reg. §§ 257, 313 (white-tailed ptarmigan regulated as upland game bird).

#### Fish & Game Code § 3700.1 (amended). Required validation

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 3700.1 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 3700.1. (a) It is unlawful for any person, except a person licensed pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 3031, to take any migratory game bird, except jacksnipe, coots, gallinules, western mourning doves, white-winged doves, and band-tailed pigeons, a duck or goose without first procuring a state duck hunting validation as provided in subdivision (b), and having that validation in his or her their possession while taking those birds.
- (b) State duck hunting validations shall be sold for a fee of ten dollars (\$10) by the department and by license agents, who are authorized by the department pursuant to Section 1055.1, in the same manner as hunting licenses.
- (c) This section applies only to licenses, permits, reservations, tags, and other entitlements issued through the Automated License Data System.
- **Comment**. Subdivision (a) of Section 3700.1 is amended to simplify without substantive change a reference to the migratory game birds subject to the subdivision.
- The subdivision is also amended to make it gender neutral.

#### Fish & Game Code § 3701 (amended). State Duck Stamp Account

- SEC. \_\_\_. Section 3701 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 38 3701. All funds derived from the sale of state duck hunting validations and , state
- duck stamps, and related items authorized by subdivision (e) of Section 3700 or
- subdivision (g) of Section 3700.2, 3700.2 shall be deposited in the State Duck Stamp
- 41 Account in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund to permit separate accountability
- for the receipt and expenditure of these funds. An amount not to exceed 6 percent

- of the amount annually deposited in the account may be used for administrative
- 2 overhead related to the use of those funds and for implementation of the federal
- 3 Migratory Bird Harvest Program.
- 4 **Comment**. Section 3701 is amended to delete an obsolete cross-reference and make a technical
- 5 correction.

#### 6 Fish & Game Code § 3702.5 (amended). Duck stamp

- 7 SEC. \_\_\_. Section 3702.5 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 8 3702.5. The department may permit individual artists to sell a limited number of
- 9 prints of duck stamp related artwork or posters.
- This section shall become operative on July 1, 1993.
- 11 **Comment.** Section 3702.5 is amended to delete obsolete material.

#### 12 Fish & Game Code § 3704 (amended). Duck stamp fee

- SEC. . Section 3704 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 14 3704. Two dollars and twenty-five cents (\$2.25) of the amount collected by the
- department for each state duck stamp sold shall be allocated by the commission for
- the purposes of the North American Waterfowl Management Plan in those areas of
- 17 Canada from which come substantial numbers of waterfowl migrating to, or
- through, California. These funds shall be matched with federal or private funds
- available for that purpose. The available balance of the funds shall be used for any
- 20 project authorized pursuant to Section 3702 in California. However, any lands
- 21 acquired in California with those funds shall be open to waterfowl hunting as a
- 22 public shooting ground or wildlife management area.
- 23 This section shall become operative on July 1, 1993.
- **Comment.** Section 3704 is amended to delete obsolete material.

#### 25 Fish & Game Code § 3704.5 (amended). Waterfowl projects

- SEC. . Section 3704.5 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 27 3704.5. Waterfowl projects authorized pursuant to Sections 3702 and 3460 are
- 28 not subject to Part 2 (commencing with Section 10100) of Division 2 of the Public
- 29 Contract Code or Article 6 (commencing with Section 999) of Chapter 6 of Division
- 4 of the Military and Veterans Code. With the approval of the entity in control of
- property affected by a project, the department may make grants to, or enter into
- contracts with, nonprofit organizations for the accomplishment of those projects, or
- the department may reimburse the controlling entity for its costs of accomplishing
- 34 the project.
- This section shall become operative on July 1, 1993.
- Comment. Section 3704.5 is amended to delete obsolete material.

#### 37 Fish & Game Code § 3961 (amended). Seizure or dispatch generally

SEC. \_\_\_. Section 3961 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:

3961. Whenever an employee of the department is not present to carry out the provisions of Section 3960 with respect to any dog inflicting injury or immediately threatening to inflict injury to any deer, elk, or prong-horned antelope during the closed season for these mammals, any property owner, lessee, person holding a permit for the purpose of grazing livestock, or his or her their employee, may seize or dispatch the dog if it is found on his or her their land or premises without the permission of the person who is in immediate possession of the land. If the dog has on it any readily visible identification tag or license tag as prescribed by Section 30951 of the Food and Agricultural Code, and the dog is found in the act of immediately threatening to injure deer, elk, or prong-horned antelope, the dog may only be dispatched under this section if the dog has, and the owner has been notified that the dog has, previously threatened any of these species.

No action, civil or criminal, shall be maintained for a dog lawfully seized or dispatched pursuant to this article section.

The owner of a dog shall be notified within 72 hours of the seizure or dispatching of that dog under this section if it had the identification tag or license tag which is required pursuant to Section 30951 of the Food and Agricultural Code.

**Comment**. Section 3961 is amended to fix an incorrect cross-reference, and to make the section gender neutral.

# Fish & Game Code § 4180.2 (added). "Wild pigs"

SEC. \_\_\_. Section 4180.2 is added to the Fish and Game Code, to read:

4180.2. As used in this article, "wild pigs" has the meaning set forth in Section 4650.

**Comment**. Section 4180.2 is added to incorporate in the article in which the section is located the definition of the term "wild pigs" set forth in Section 4650.

#### Fish & Game Code § 4181.1 (amended). Protection of property

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 4181.1 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:

4181.1. (a) Any bear that is encountered while in the act of inflicting injury to, molesting, or killing, livestock may be taken immediately by the owner of the livestock or the owner's employee if the taking is reported no later than the next working day to the department and the carcass is made available to the department.

(b) Notwithstanding Section 4652, any wild pig that is encountered while in the act of inflicting injury to, molesting, pursuing, worrying, or killing livestock or damaging or destroying, or threatening to immediately damage or destroy, land or other property, including, but not limited to, rare, threatened, or endangered native plants, wildlife, or aquatic species, may be taken immediately by the owner of the livestock, land, or property or the owner's agent or employee, or by an agent or employee of any federal, state, county, or city entity when acting in his or her official capacity. The person taking the wild pig shall report the taking no later than the next working day to the department and shall make the carcass available to the department. Unless otherwise directed by the department and notwithstanding Section 4657, the person taking a wild pig pursuant to this subdivision, or to whom

- the carcass of a wild pig taken pursuant to this subdivision is transferred pursuant to subdivision (c), may possess the carcass of the wild pig. The person in possession of the carcass shall make use of the carcass, which may include an arrangement for the transfer of the carcass to another person or entity, such as a nonprofit organization, without compensation. The person who arranges this transfer shall be deemed to be in compliance with Section 4304. A violation of this subdivision is punishable pursuant to Section 12000. It is the intent of the Legislature that nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted to authorize a person to take wild pigs pursuant to this subdivision in violation of a state statute or regulation or a local zoning or other ordinance that is adopted pursuant to other provisions of law and that restricts the discharge of firearms.
- (c) The department shall make a record of each report made pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b) and may have an employee of the department investigate the taking or cause the taking to be investigated. The person taking a wild pig shall provide information as deemed necessary by the department. Upon completion of the investigation, the investigator may, upon a finding that the requirements of this section have been met with respect to the particular bear or wild pig taken under subdivision (a) or (b), issue a written statement to the person confirming that the requirements of this section have been met. The person who took the wild pig may transfer the carcass to another person without compensation.
- (d) Notwithstanding Section 4763, any part of any bear lawfully possessed pursuant to this section is subject to Section 4758.
- (e) Nothing in this section prohibits federal, state, or county trappers from killing or trapping bears when the bears are killing or molesting livestock, but no iron-jawed or steel-jawed or any type of metal-jawed trap shall be used to take the bear, and no person, including employees of the state, federal, or county government, shall take bear with iron-jawed or steel-jawed or any type of metal-jawed traps.

**Comment**. Subdivision (b) of Section 4181.1 is amended to delete a superfluous sentence.

#### Fish & Game Code § 4332 (amended). Deer tag

SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 4332 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:

- 4332. (a) Any resident of this state, 12 years of age or over, who possesses a valid hunting license, may procure one tag for the taking of one deer by one person during the current license year, upon payment of the base fee of ten dollars (\$10) for the license year beginning July 1, 1986, and the base fee as adjusted under Section 713 for subsequent license years.
- (b) Any nonresident of this state, 12 years of age or over, who possesses a valid hunting license, may procure one tag for the taking of one deer by one person during the current license year, upon payment of the base fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) for the license year beginning July 1, 1986, and the base fee as adjusted under Section 713 for subsequent license years.
- (c) If provided in regulations adopted by the commission under Section 200, any resident of this state, 12 years of age or over, who possesses a deer tag may procure

- one additional deer tag for the taking of one additional deer during the current license season, upon payment of the base fee of twelve dollars and fifty cents (\$12.50) for the license years beginning July 1, 1986, and the base fee as adjusted under Section 713 for subsequent license years.
  - (d) If provided in regulations adopted by the commission under Section 200, any nonresident of this state, 12 years of age or over, who possesses a deer tag may procure one additional deer tag for the taking of one additional deer during the current license season, upon payment of the base fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) for the license year beginning July 1, 1986, and the base fee as adjusted under Section 713 for subsequent license years.
- (e) All revenues pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the Big Game
  Management Account established in Section 3953 and, upon appropriation by the
  Legislature, shall be expended as set forth in that section.
  - **Comment**. Section 4332 is amended to delete duplicative material. See Section 3953(b).

# Fish & Game Code § 4651 (amended). Management plan

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 4651 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 17 4651. (a) The department shall prepare a plan for the management of wild pigs.
  18 Under the plan, the status and trend of wild pig populations shall be determined and
  19 management units shall be designated within the state. The plan may establish pig
  20 management zones to address regional needs and opportunities. In preparing the
  21 plan, the department shall consider available, existing information and literature
- relative to wild pigs.

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- (b) The plan may include all of the following:
- (1) The distribution and abundance of wild pigs, as described in Section 3950.
- 25 (2) A survey of range conditions.
  - (3) Recommendations for investigations and utilization of wild pigs.
- 27 (4) Encouraging mitigation of depredation by sport hunting pursuant to this chapter.
- 29 (5) Live trapping and relocation of wild pigs to areas suitable and accessible to 30 mitigation of depredation, with the consent of the landowner and after prior 31 consultation with adjacent landowners who, in the department's opinion, 32 may be impacted, pursuant to this chapter.
  - **Comment**. Paragraph (5) of subdivision (b) of Section 4651 is amended for clarity.

#### Fish & Game Code § 4656 (repealed) Revenue deposit and management

- SEC. \_\_\_. Section 4656 of the Fish and Game Code is repealed.
- 4656. Revenues received pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited in the Big
  Game Management Account established in Section 3953. These funds shall be
- 38 available for expenditure by the department as set forth in Section 3953. The
- 39 department shall maintain all internal accounting measures necessary to ensure that
- 40 all restrictions on these funds are met.
- Comment. Section 4656 is repealed as superfluous. See Section 3953.

### Fish & Game Code § 5650.1 (amended). Specified punishments

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 5650.1 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 5650.1. (a) A person who violates Section 5650 is subject to a civil penalty of not more than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for each violation.
- (b) The civil penalty imposed for each separate violation pursuant to this section is separate, and in addition to, any other civil penalty imposed for a separate violation pursuant to this section or any other provision of law, except as provided in subdivision (j).
- (c) In determining the amount of a civil penalty imposed pursuant to this section, the court shall take into consideration all relevant circumstances, including, but not limited to, the nature, circumstance, extent, and gravity of the violation. In making this determination, the court shall consider the degree of toxicity and volume of the discharge, the extent of harm caused by the violation, whether the effects of the violation may be reversed or mitigated, and with respect to the defendant, the ability to pay, the effect of any civil penalty on the ability to continue in business, any voluntary cleanup efforts undertaken, any prior history of violations, the gravity of the behavior, the economic benefit, if any, resulting from the violation, and any other matters the court determines justice may require.
- (d) Every civil action brought under this section shall be brought by the Attorney General upon complaint by the department, or by the district attorney or city attorney in the name of the people of the State of California, and any actions relating to the same violation may be joined or consolidated.
- (e) In a civil action brought pursuant to this <u>chapter section</u> in which a temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction, or permanent injunction is sought, it is not necessary to allege or prove at any stage of the proceeding that irreparable damage will occur if the temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction, or permanent injunction is not issued, or that the remedy at law is inadequate.
- (f) After the party seeking the injunction has met its burden of proof, the court shall determine whether to issue a temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction, or permanent injunction without requiring the defendant to prove that it will suffer grave or irreparable harm. The court shall make the determination whether to issue a temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction, or permanent injunction by taking into consideration, among other things, the nature, circumstance, extent, and gravity of the violation, the quantity and characteristics of the substance or material involved, the extent of environmental harm caused by the violation, measures taken by the defendant to remedy the violation, the relative likelihood that the material or substance involved may pass into waters of the state, and the harm likely to be caused to the defendant.
- (g) The court, to the maximum extent possible, shall tailor a temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction, or permanent injunction narrowly to address the violation in a manner that will otherwise allow the defendant to continue business operations in a lawful manner.

- (h) All civil penalties collected pursuant to this section shall not be considered fines or forfeitures as defined in Section 13003 and shall be apportioned in the following manner:
- (1) Fifty percent shall be distributed to the county treasurer of the county in which the action is prosecuted. Amounts paid to the county treasurer shall be deposited in the county fish and wildlife propagation fund established pursuant to Section 13100.
- (2) Fifty percent shall be distributed to the department for deposit in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund. These funds may be expended to cover the costs of legal actions or for any other law enforcement purpose consistent with Section 9 of Article XVI of the California Constitution.
- (i) Except as provided in subdivision (j), in addition to any other penalty provided by law, a person who violates Section 5650 is subject to a civil penalty of not more than ten dollars (\$10) for each gallon or pound of material discharged. The total amount of the civil penalty shall be reduced for every gallon or pound of the illegally discharged material that is recovered and properly disposed of by the responsible party.
- (j) A person shall not be subject to a civil penalty imposed under this section and to a civil penalty imposed pursuant to Article 9 (commencing with Section 8670.57) of Chapter 7.4 of Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government Code for the same act or failure to act.
- 21 **Comment.** Subdivision (e) of Section 5650.1 is amended to revise an overbroad reference.

# 22 Fish & Game Code § 6924 (repealed). Report of determined elements of program

- SEC. \_\_\_. Section 6924 of the Fish and Game Code is repealed.
- 24 6924. The department shall determine the initial elements of the program and transmit a report describing those elements to the Legislature and the Advisory
- Committee on Salmon and Steelhead Trout within six months of the effective date
   of this chapter.
- 28 **Comment.** Section 6924 is repealed as obsolete.

#### Fish & Game Code § 7120 (amended). Bag limits

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 7120 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 7120. It is unlawful for any person to possess more than one daily bag limit of any
- fish, amphibian, or reptile taken under a license issued pursuant to Article 3
- 33 (commencing with Section 7145) unless authorized by regulations adopted by the
- 34 commission.

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Comment. Section 7120 is amended to apply to amphibians and reptiles.

# 36 Fish & Game Code § 7149.05 (amended). Sport fishing license

- SEC. \_\_\_. Section 7149.05 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 7149.05. (a) A sport fishing license granting the privilege to take any fish, reptile,
- or amphibia anywhere in this state for purposes other than profit shall be issued to
- any of the following:

- (1) A resident, 16 years of age or older, for the period of a calendar year, or, if issued after the beginning of the year, for the remainder thereof, upon payment of a base fee of thirty-one dollars and twenty-five cents (\$31.25).
- (2) A nonresident, 16 years of age or older, for the period of a calendar year, or, if issued after the beginning of the year, for the remainder thereof, upon payment of a base fee of eighty-four dollars (\$84).
- (3) A nonresident, 16 years of age or older for the period of 10 consecutive days beginning on the date specified on the license upon payment of the fee set forth in paragraph (1).
- (4) A resident or nonresident, 16 years of age or older, for two designated days, upon payment of one-half the fee set forth in paragraph (1). Notwithstanding Section 1053 1053.1, more than one single day license issued for different days may be issued to, or possessed by, a person at one time.
- (5) A resident or nonresident, 16 years of age or older, for one designated day upon payment of a base fee of ten dollars (\$10).
- (b) California sport fishing license validations shall be issued by authorized license agents in the same manner as sport fishing licenses, and no compensation shall be paid to the authorized license agent for issuing the validations except as provided in Section 1055.1.
- (c) This section applies only to licenses, permits, reservations, tags, and other entitlements issued through the Automated License Data System.
- (d) The base fees specified in this section are applicable to the 2004 license year, and shall be adjusted annually thereafter pursuant to Section 713.
- (e) The commission shall adjust the amount of the fees specified in subdivision (d), as necessary, to fully recover, but not exceed, all reasonable administrative and implementation costs of the department and the commission relating to those licenses.
- Comment. Paragraph (4) of subdivision (a) of Section 7149.05 is amended to replace a crossreference to a repealed code section with the appropriate cross-reference.

#### Fish & Game Code § 7149.2 (amended). Lifetime sport fishing license

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 7149.2 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 7149.2. (a) In addition to Section 7149.05, the department shall issue a lifetime 32 sport fishing license under this section. A lifetime sport fishing license authorizes 33 the taking of fish, amphibians, or reptiles anywhere in this state in accordance with 34 the law for purposes other than profit for the life of the person to whom issued unless 35 revoked for a violation of this code or regulations adopted under this code. A 36 lifetime sport fishing license is valid for a one-year period from January 1 through 37 December 31 and may be renewed annually, regardless of any lapse of the license, 38 at no additional cost to the licensee. A lifetime sport fishing license is not
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- transferable. A lifetime sport fishing license does not include any special tags, 40
- stamps, or fees. 41

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- (b) A lifetime sport fishing license may be issued to residents of this state, as follows:
- (1) To a person 62 years of age or over, upon payment of a base fee of three hundred sixty-five dollars (\$365).
- (2) To a person 40 years of age or over and less than 62 years of age, upon payment of a base fee of five hundred forty dollars (\$540).
- (3) To a person 10 years of age or over and less than 40 years of age upon payment of a base fee of six hundred dollars (\$600).
- (4) To a person less than 10 years of age upon payment of a base fee of three hundred sixty-five dollars (\$365).
- (c) Nothing in this section requires a person less than 16 years of age to obtain a license to take fish, amphibians, or reptiles for purposes other than profit.
- (d) Nothing in this section exempts a license applicant from meeting other qualifications or requirements otherwise established by law for the privilege of sport fishing.
- (e) Upon payment of a base fee of two hundred forty-five dollars (\$245), a person holding a lifetime sport fishing license shall be entitled annually to the privileges afforded to a person holding a second-rod stamp or validation issued pursuant to Section 7149.45, a sport fishing ocean enhancement stamp or validation issued pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 6596.1, one steelhead trout report restoration card issued pursuant to Section 7380, and one salmon report card issued pursuant to regulations adopted by the commission. Lifetime privileges issued pursuant to this subdivision are not transferable.
- (f) The base fees specified in this section are applicable commencing January 1, 2004, and shall be adjusted annually thereafter pursuant to Section 713.
- Comment. Subdivision (e) of Section 7149.2 is amended to delete references to two obsolete types of stamps.

#### 28 Fish & Game Code § 7232 (amended). Fish offal

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- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 7232 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 7232. (a) Notwithstanding Section 7121 any offal from a fish taken under a sport fishing license which is delivered by the license holder to a fish canner or fish processor may be processed, used, or sold by that fish canner or fish processor.
- 33 (b) Nothing in this section authorizes a holder of a sport fishing license to sell, or 34 a fish canner or fish processor to purchase from a holder of a sport fishing license, 35 any fish, or any portion thereof, taken under a sport fishing license.
- Comment. Section 7232 is amended to delete a superfluous reference to a portion of a fish. See Section 80.
- The section is also amended to add subdivision designations.

#### 39 Fish & Game Code § 7850 (amended). Activity requiring license

SEC. \_\_\_. Section 7850 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:

- 7850. (a) Excepting persons expressly exempted under this code, no person shall use or operate, or assist in using or operating, any boat, aircraft, net, trap, line, or other appliance to take fish or amphibia for commercial purposes, and no person shall cause to be brought ashore, any fish or amphibia at any point in the state for the purpose of selling them in a fresh state or shall contribute materially to the activities on board the commercial fishing vessel, unless the person holds a commercial fishing license issued by the department.
- (b) Any person not required under subdivision (a) to hold a commercial fishing license shall register his or her presence on board the commercial fishing vessel in a log maintained by the owner or operator of the vessel according to the requirements of the department.
- (c) As used in this section, "person" does not include persons who are less than 16 years of age, a partnership, corporation, or association means a natural person 16 years of age or greater. Any person, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or association may pay the fees for a license issued to any person.
- (d) This article does not apply to the taking, transporting, or selling of live freshwater fish for bait by the holder of a live freshwater bait fish license issued pursuant to Section 8460.
- **Comment.** Subdivision (c) of Section 7850 is amended to clarify the definition of the term "person" as used in the section.

#### Fish & Game Code § 7921 (amended). Commercial passenger fishing vessel license

- SEC. . Section 7921 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 7921. The base fee for a commercial passenger fishing boat <u>vessel</u> license is two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) in the 2004 license year, which shall be adjusted annually thereafter pursuant to Section 713. The commercial passenger fishing vessel license shall be issued to the holder of a commercial boat registration issued pursuant to Section 7881.
- **Comment**. Section 7921 is amended to conform two references in the section to a commercial passenger fishing vessel license.

#### Fish & Game Code § 8032 (amended). Types of licenses

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 8032 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 8032. (a) A <u>multi-function</u> commercial fish business license shall be issued that authorizes any or all activities described in Section 8033, 8034, 8035, or 8036. The annual fee for this license is one thousand three hundred seventy-three dollars (\$1,373).
  - (b) Specialty licenses for part of, but not all, activities described in subdivision (a) shall be issued in five classes, as follows:
  - (1) Fish receiver's license, issued to any person engaged in the business of receiving fish as provided in Section 8033.
    - (2) Marine aquaria receiver's license, issued to any person engaged in the business of receiving live marine species indigenous to California waters from a person required to be a licensed commercial fisherman for the purpose of wholesaling or

- retailing those species for pet industry or hobby purposes as provided in Section 8033.1.
  - (3) Fish processor's license, issued to any person engaged in the business of processing fish as provided in Section 8034.
  - (4) Fish wholesaler's license, issued to any person who is engaged in the business of wholesaling fish as provided in Section 8035.
  - (5) Fish importer's license, issued to any person who is engaged in the business of importing fish as provided in Section 8036.
  - (c) The commission shall adjust the amount of the fee specified in subdivision (a), as necessary, to fully recover, but not exceed, all reasonable administrative and implementation costs of the department and the commission relating to those licenses.
  - **Comment.** Subdivision (a) of Section 8032 is amended to more precisely identify the license referenced in the subdivision.

#### Fish & Game Code § 8037 (amended). License on premises of business

- SEC. . Section 8037 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 8037. (a) A person who engages in business involving fish which business activity would require more than one class of license under this article shall obtain either a commercial fish business license issued under subdivision (a) of Section 8032 or each of the specialty licenses which are required for the classes of activities engaged in. Each plant, facility, or other place of business in which an activity occurs that is required to be licensed shall have a copy of the required license on the premises.
- (b) This section shall become operative on January 1, 1993.
- Comment. Subdivision (a) of Section 8037 is amended to clarify its meaning.

# Fish & Game Code § 8246 (amended). Compromise or dismissal of suspension or revocation of commercial salmon fishing privilege

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 8246 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 8246. (a) At any time after notice of an order suspending or revoking of a person's commercial salmon fishing privilege is issued by the commission, and before the order of suspension or revocation is final, the commission may, with the agreement of the person subject to the action, compromise or dismiss the action to suspend or revoke the commercial salmon fishing privilege in the best interests of the state, or the commission may compromise or dismiss the action with the agreement of the person subject to the action on terms and conditions, which may include, but are not limited to, the payment of civil damages, the reduction of a revocation to a suspension for a specified period of time, or any other terms and conditions.
- (b) The commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, may suspend or revoke the commercial fishing privilege, authorized under a license issued for the purposes of Section 7850, for any violation of a term or condition of an agreement to compromise or dismiss a separate suspension or revocation action that was made pursuant to subdivision (a).

- 1 (c) If the commission orders a suspension or revocation of a person's commercial 2 salmon fishing privilege, any permit issued pursuant to this article shall be renewed 3 when the next renewal is due or the permit shall expire as provided in Section 8233.
  - (d) Subdivision (b) (a) does not apply if an action is brought to recover civil damages under Section 2014 from the person subject to action under this section.
- 6 **Comment.** Subdivision (d) of Section 8246 is amended to correct an erroneous cross-reference.

### 7 Fish & Game Code § 8246.2 (amended). Determination of civil damages

- 8 SEC. \_\_\_. Section 8246.2 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 8246.2. (a) The commission, in consultation with the department, shall adopt regulations for the determination of civil damages provided for in subdivision (b)
- 11 (a) of Section 8246 that give due consideration to the appropriateness of the civil
- damages with respect to all of the following factors:
- 13 (1) The gravity of the violation.

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- 14 (2) The good faith of the convicted licensee.
- 15 (3) The history of previous violations.
- 16 (4) The damage to the fishery.
- 17 (5) The cost of restoration of the fishery.
- (b) Civil damages imposed under subdivision (b) (a) of Section 8246 shall be due and payable on or before a date that is 30 days after the compromise is entered into.
- 20 **Comment.** Section 8246.2 is amended to correct two erroneous cross-references.

# Fish & Game Code § 8603 (amended). Prohibition against use of gear to take fish except as authorized

- SEC. \_\_\_. Section 8625 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 24 8603. It is unlawful to use or operate or assist in using or operating any net, trap,
- line, spear, or appliance, other than in connection with angling, in taking fish, except as provided in this chapter or Chapter 4 of this part authorized by this code.
- Comment. Section 8603 is amended to provide an exception to the prohibitions of the section when a described action is otherwise authorized by the Fish and Game Code.

### Fish & Game Code § 8606.1 (repealed). Use of nearshore trawl nets

- SEC. \_\_\_. Section 8606.1 of the Fish and Game Code is repealed.
- 31 8606.1. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that the use of nearshore trawl nets
- 32 was authorized through the experimental gear permit process and the alternative
- gear development program as a potential alternative to the use of gill and trammel nets in areas where the use of that gear type has been prohibited.
- 35 (b) The Legislature, in considering the needs of user groups, requires the use of nearshore trawl nets to be phased out effective January 1, 1993.
- 37 **Comment.** Section 8606.1 is repealed as obsolete.

# 38 Fish & Game Code § 8625 (amended). Nets for halibut

39 SEC. \_\_\_. Section 8625 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:

- 8625. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this code, set gill nets and trammel nets with mesh size of not less than  $8^{1/2}$  inches may be used to take California halibut.
- (b) Except as provided in subdivision (c), not more than 1,500 fathoms (9,000 feet) of gill net or trammel net shall be fished in combination each day for California halibut from any vessel in ocean waters.
- (c) Not more than 1,000 fathoms (6,000 feet) of gill net or trammel net shall be fished in combination each day for California halibut from any vessel in ocean waters between a line extending due west magnetic from Point Arguello in Santa Barbara County and a line extending 172° magnetic from Rincon Point in Santa Barbara County to San Pedro Point at the east end of Santa Cruz Island in Santa Barbara County, then extending southwesterly 188° magnetic from San Pedro Point on Santa Cruz Island.
- (d) This section shall become operative on August 15, 1989.
- **Comment.** Section 8625 is amended to delete obsolete material.

#### Fish & Game Code § 8626 (amended). Nets for halibut

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 8626 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 8626. (a) Notwithstanding Section 8625, and where consistent with the determination made pursuant to subdivisions (b) and (c), the director may reduce the minimum mesh size permitted for gill and trammel nets used to take California halibut from  $8^{1}/_{2}$  inches to not less than 8 inches in any or all areas south of a line extending 240° magnetic from the boundary line between the Counties of Los Angeles and Ventura.
- (b) If, on or before October 1, 1990, the department determines that commercial landings of California halibut taken south of the line extending 240° magnetic from the boundary line between the Counties of Los Angeles and Ventura in the period between September 1, 1989, and August 31, 1990, decline by 10 percent or more compared with landings of California halibut taken in this area during the period between September 1, 1988, and August 31, 1989, the department shall assess the impact of the 8½ inch minimum mesh size restriction on the California halibut fishery in the area described in subdivision (a). The assessment shall include, but is not limited to, an analysis of landing data, including landings of California halibut in Los Angeles, Orange, and San Diego Counties, the age and size composition of the catch, and the department's monitoring at sea of the gill and trammel net fishery.
- (c) If the department determines that the  $8^{1}/_{2}$  inch minimum mesh size, established pursuant to Section 8625 has directly resulted in a decline of 10 percent or more in landings of California halibut south of the line extending 240° magnetic from the boundary between the Counties of Los Angeles and Ventura, the director shall hold a public hearing in the area affected to make findings and take public testimony prior to taking any action pursuant to subdivision (a).
- (d) This section shall become operative on August 15, 1989.
- **Comment**. Section 8626 is amended to delete obsolete material.

### 1 Fish & Game Code § 8752 (amended). Districts 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11

- SEC. . Section 8752 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 8752. In Districts 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11, purse and round haul nets may be used.
- Comment. Section 8752 is amended to eliminate a superfluous reference to purse nets. See Section 8750 (round haul nets include purse nets).

#### 6 Fish & Game Code § 8754 (amended). Districts 16, 17, 18, and 19

- 7 SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 8754 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 8 8754. (a) In Districts 16, 17, 18, and 19, purse and round haul nets may be used,
- 9 except that purse seines or ring nets may not be used in that portion of District 19
- lying within three miles offshore from the line of the high-water mark along the coast of Orange County from sunrise Saturday to sunset Sunday from May 1 to
- 12 September 10, inclusive.

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- (b) Purse seine or ring nets may not be used from May 1 to September 10, inclusive, in the following portions of District 19:
  - (a) (1) Within a two-mile radius of Dana Point.
- (b) (2) Within a two-mile radius of San Mateo Point.
- (e) (3) Within two miles offshore from the line of the high-water mark along that portion of the coast of Orange County lying between the northernmost bank of the mouth of the Santa Ana River and a point on that coast six miles south therefrom.
- Comment. Section 8754 is amended to eliminate a superfluous reference to purse nets. See Section 8750 (round haul nets include purse nets).
- The section is also amended to add and revise subdivision designations.

#### Fish & Game Code § 8755 (amended). Districts 20, 20A, and 21

- SEC. . Section 8755 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 8755. In Districts 20A and 21, purse and round haul nets may be used.
- 26 (a) <u>In District 20</u>, <u>Purse and</u> round haul nets may be used, except (1) from sunrise
- Saturday to sunset Sunday, in that portion of District 20 the area from a line
- extending three nautical miles east magnetically from the extreme easterly end of
- 29 Santa Catalina Island southwesterly and northerly to a line extending three nautical
- 30 miles southwest magnetically from the most southerly promontory of China Point
- and (2) at any time during the period commencing on June 1st and ending on
- 32 September 10 in each year, that portion of District 20 the area from a line extending
- three nautical miles east magnetically from the extreme easterly end of Santa
- Catalina Island southerly to a line extending three nautical miles southeasterly
- 35 magnetically from the United States government light on the southeasterly end of
- 36 Santa Catalina Island.
  - (b) Subdivision (a) shall not be construed as restricting the right to use the waters therein specified for anchorage of vessels at any time.
  - **Comment**. Section 8755 is amended to eliminate superfluous references to purse nets. See Section 8750 (round haul nets include purse nets).
- Subdivision (a) of the section is also amended to insert an inadvertently omitted introductory clause and make conforming technical changes.

#### Fish & Game Code § 8756 (amended). Salmon, steelhead, striped bass, or shad 1

- SEC. . Section 8756 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read: 2
- 8756. Salmon, steelhead, striped bass, or shad may not be taken with purse or 3 round haul nets. 4
- 5 Comment. Section 8756 is amended to eliminate a superfluous reference to purse nets. See Section 8750 (round haul nets include purse nets). 6

#### Fish & Game Code § 8780 (amended). Use of bait nets

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 8780 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read: 8
- 8780. (a) As used in this chapter, the term "bait net" means a lampara or round 9 haul type net, the mesh of which is constructed of twine not exceeding Standard No. 10
- 9 medium cotton seine twine or synthetic twine of equivalent size or strength. 11
- Notwithstanding Section 8757, except for drum seines and other round haul nets 12
- authorized under a permit issued by the department pursuant to this section, the nets 13
- may not have rings along the lead line or any method of pursing the bottom of the 14 net. 15
- (b) Bait nets may be used to take fish for bait in Districts 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16 16, 17, 18, 19, <del>19A,</del> 19B, 20A, 21, 118, and 118.5. 17
  - (c) In District 19A, bait nets may be used only to take anchovies, queenfish, white croakers, sardines, mackerel, squid, and smelt for live bait purposes only. Bait nets may not be used within 750 feet of Seal Beach Pier or Belmont Pier.
  - (d) No other species of fish may be taken on any boat carrying a bait net in District 19A, except that loads or lots of fish may contain not more than 18 percent, by weight of the fish, of other bait fish species taken incidentally to other fishing operations and that are mixed with other fish in the load or lot.
- Comment. Subdivision (b) of Section 8780 is amended to eliminate an erroneous reference to 25 Fish and Game District 19A, as use of bait nets in that district is specifically governed by 26 subdivisions (c) and (d).

#### Fish & Game Code § 8841 (amended). Bottom trawl fisheries

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 8841 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 8841. (a) The commission is hereby granted authority over all state-managed 30 bottom trawl fisheries not managed under a federal fishery management plan
- 31 pursuant to the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 32
- U.S.C. Sec. 1801 et seq.) or a state fishery management plan pursuant to Part 1.7 33
- (commencing with Section 7050), to ensure that resources are sustainably managed, 34
- to protect the health of ecosystems, and to provide for an orderly transition to 35
- sustainable gear types in situations where bottom trawling may not be compatible 36
- with these goals. 37

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- (b) The commission is hereby granted authority to manage all of the following 38 fisheries in a manner that is consistent with this section and Part 1.7 (commencing 39 with Section 7050): 40
- (1) California halibut. 41
- (2) Sea cucumber. 42

- (3) Ridge-back, spot, and golden prawn.
- (4) Pink shrimp.

- (c) The commission is also granted authority over other types of gear targeting the same species as the bottom trawl fisheries referenced in subdivision (a) to manage in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of Part 1.7 (commencing with Section 7050).
- (d) Every commercial bottom trawl vessel issued a state permit is subject to the requirements and policies of the federal groundfish observer program (50 C.F.R. 660.360).
- (e) The commission may only authorize additional fishing areas for bottom trawls after it determines, based on the best available scientific information, that bottom trawling in those areas is sustainable, does not harm bottom habitat, and does not unreasonably conflict with other users.
- (f) It is unlawful to use roller gear more than eight inches in diameter <u>in</u> <u>connection with a trawl net</u>.
- (g) Commencing April 1, 2006, it is unlawful to fish commercially for prawns or pink shrimp, unless an approved bycatch reduction device is used with each net. On or before April 1, 2006, the commission shall approve one or more bycatch reduction devices for use in the bottom trawl fishery. For purposes of this subdivision, a rigid grate fish excluder device is the approved type of bycatch reduction device unless the commission, the Pacific Marine Fishery Management Council, or the National Marine Fisheries Service determines that a different type of fish excluder device has an equal or greater effectiveness at reducing bycatch. If the commission does not approve a bycatch reduction device prior to April 1, 2006, then a device that is approved by the Pacific Marine Fishery Management Council or the National Marine Fisheries Service shall be deemed approved by the commission.
- (h) Except as provided in Section 8495 or 8842, it is unlawful to engage in bottom trawling in ocean waters of the state.
- (i) This section does not apply to the use of trawl nets pursuant to a scientific research permit.
- (j) The commission shall facilitate the conversion of bottom trawlers to gear that is more sustainable if the commission determines that conversion will not contribute to overcapacity or overfishing. The commission may participate in, and encourage programs that support, conversion to low-impact gear or capacity reduction by trawl fleets. The department may not issue new permits to bottom trawlers to replace those retired through a conversion program.
- (k) As soon as practicable, but not later than May 1, 2005, the commission and the department shall submit to the Pacific Fishery Management Council and the National Marine Fisheries Service a request for federal management measures for the pink shrimp fishery that the commission and the department determine are needed to reduce bycatch or protect habitat, to account for uncertainty, or to otherwise ensure consistency with federal groundfish management.

- 1 (1) (k) No vessel may utilize bottom trawling gear without a state or federal permit.
- Comment. Subdivision (f) of Section 8841 is amended to clarify the context in which the provision is intended to apply.
  - Subdivision (k) is deleted as obsolete.

# Fish & Game Code § 9001.7 (amended). Criteria for use of trap

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 9001.7 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 9001.7. Finfish, other than sablefish and hagfish, may be taken under a general trap permit if all of the following criteria are also met:
  - (a) Every person aboard the vessel possesses a valid general trap permit that has not been suspended or revoked.
  - (b) If nearshore species are present, at least one person aboard the vessel possesses a valid nearshore fishery permit and a nearshore fishery trap endorsement that has not been suspended or revoked.
  - (c) If deeper nearshore species are present, at least one person aboard the vessel possesses a valid deeper nearshore species fishery permit that has not been suspended or revoked.
  - (d) During the period from one hour after sunset to one hour before sunrise, finfish traps that are left in the water shall be unbaited with the door secured open. If, for reasons beyond the control of the permittee, all trap doors cannot be secured open prior to one hour after sunset, the permittee shall immediately notify the department.
  - (e) Popups shall not be used on buoy lines attached to finfish traps, and shall not be possessed aboard a vessel when taking finfish under a general trap permit.
  - (f) Trap destruction devices used on finfish traps shall conform to the current regulatory requirements for those devices pursuant to Section 9003 and as adopted by the commission.

  - (h) No more than 50 finfish traps may be used in state waters along the mainland shore.
  - (i) The mesh of any finfish trap used pursuant to this section shall measure not less than two inches by two inches.
    - (i) The following fish shall not be used as bait in finfish traps:
    - (1) Lobster.
  - (2) Crabs of the genus cancer, except rock crab, yellow crab, and red crab, as identified in Section 8282, which may be used as bait under the authority of a rock crab trap permit issued pursuant to Section 8282.
  - (3) Any other finfish or invertebrate to which a minimum size limit applies that is used or possessed in a condition so that its size can not be determined.
  - (k) Lobster may be possessed aboard or landed from any vessel on which finfish are also present, if every person aboard the vessel has a valid lobster permit that has not been suspended or revoked and complies with Article 5 of Chapter 2 of the Fish and Game Code, this article, and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

1 **Comment.** Subdivision (g) of Section 9001.7 is amended to delete a reference to a Fish and 2 Game District that does not presently exist.

### Fish & Game Code § 9050 (amended). Miscellaneous tools

- 4 SEC. \_\_\_. Section 9050 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 5 9050. A spade, shovel, hoe, rake, or other appliance operated by hand may be
- 6 used to take mollusks, sand crabs, and shrimps in Districts  $1, 1^{1}/_{2}, 2, 2^{1}/_{2}, 3, 3^{1}/_{2}, 4$ ,
- $4^{1}/_{8}$ ,  $4^{3}/_{4}$ , 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 19A, 20, 20A, and 21, except as
- specified in Sections Section 7332 and 8303, and except that freshwater clams shall
- 9 not be taken by means of such appliances on any levee or on the berm of any levee.
- 10 **Comment.** Section 9050 is amended to delete obsolete material.

## Fish & Game Code § 11018 (amended). District 10

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- SEC. \_\_\_. Section 11018 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 13 11018. The following constitutes Fish and Game District 10:
- The ocean waters and the tidelands of the State to high-water mark lying between
- the southern boundary of Mendocino County and a line extending west from the
- Pigeon Point lighthouse in San Mateo County, including the waters of Tomales Bay
- to a line drawn from the mouth of the unnamed creek approximately 1500 feet north
- of Tomasini Point southwesterly 218° magnetic to the mouth of the unnamed creek
- at Shell Beach, and excluding Bodega Lagoon and all that portion of Bolinas Bay
- 20 lying inside of Bolinas bar, that portion of San Francisco Bay lying east of a line
- drawn from Point Bonita to Point Lobos and all rivers, streams, and lagoons.
- The amendment of this section by the Legislature at the 1963 Regular Session has
- 23 no effect on the cultivation of oysters by persons licensed under Article 4
- 24 (commencing with Section 6480), Chapter 5, Part 1, Division 6.
- 25 **Comment.** Section 11018 is amended to delete an obsolete provision.

#### Fish & Game Code § 12001.5 (amended). Specified punishments

- SEC. \_\_\_. Section 12001.5 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 12001.5. (a) In addition to any other penalty or fine imposed pursuant to this code,
- if a person has been convicted of one or more offenses that was a violation of a
- section listed in subdivision (b) separate from the offense before the court, the court
- may order as a condition of probation upon conviction of the offense before the
- court that is also a violation of a section listed in subdivision (b), that the person
- section instead in substitution (b), that the person
- attend the hunter education course designated in Section 3051 and perform
- 34 community service, preferably relating to natural resources if that type of
- 35 community service is available, as follows:
- 36 (1) If the person has one separate conviction, not more than 200 hours of
- 37 community service.
- 38 (2) If the person has two or more separate convictions, not more than 300 hours
- 39 of community service.

- (b) This section applies to violations relating to a taking in Sections 3007, <del>3700</del> 3700.1, 4330, and 4750, and a sale or purchase of parts of a bear in Section 4758.
- 3 **Comment.** Section 12001.5 is amended to update a cross-reference to a repealed code section.

#### 4 Fish & Game Code § 12002 (amended). Specified punishments

- 5 SEC. . Section 12002 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 12002. (a) Unless otherwise provided, the punishment for a violation of this code that is a misdemeanor is a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), imprisonment in a county jail for not more than six months, or by both that fine and imprisonment.
  - (b) The punishment for a violation of any of the following provisions is a fine of not more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000), imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year, or both the fine and imprisonment:
  - (1) Section 1059.

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- 14 (2) Subdivision (b) of Section 4004.
  - (3) Section 4600.
- (4) Paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 5650.
  - (5) A first violation of Section 8670.
- 18 (6) Section 10500.
- 19 (7) Unless a greater punishment is otherwise provided, a violation subject to subdivision (a) of Section 12003.1.
  - (c) Except as specified in Sections 12001 and 12010, the punishment for violation of Section 3503, 3503.5, 3513, or 3800 is a fine of not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), imprisonment in the county jail for not more than six months, or by both that fine and imprisonment.
  - (d) (1) A license, tag, stamp, reservation, permit, or other entitlement or privilege issued pursuant to this code to a defendant who fails to appear at a court hearing for a violation of this code, or who fails to pay a fine imposed pursuant to this code, shall be immediately suspended or revoked. The license, tag, stamp, reservation, permit, or other entitlement or privilege shall not be reinstated or renewed, and no other license, tag, stamp, reservation, permit, or other entitlement or privilege shall be issued to that person pursuant to this code, until the court proceeding is completed or the fine is paid.
- 33 (2) This subdivision does not apply to any violation of Section 1052, 1059, 1170, 5650, 5653.9, 6454, 6650, or 6653.5.
- Comment. Paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 12002 is amended to delete an erroneous cross-reference.

#### 37 Fish & Game Code § 12002.2.1 (amended). Punishments for specified offenses

- SEC. \_\_\_. Section 12002.2.1 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 12002.2.1. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a violation of any of
- the following is an infraction, punishable by a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50),
- or more than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250), for a first offense:

1 (1) Subdivision (a) of Section 6596.1.

- (2) Subdivision (a) of Section 7149.45.
- (3) Subdivision (b) of Section 7180.1.
  - (4) Section 1.18 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations.
- (b) If a person is convicted of a violation of any of the sections listed in subdivision (a) within five years of a separate offense resulting in a conviction of a violation of any of those sections, that person shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) or more than five hundred dollars (\$500).
- (c) If a person convicted of a violation of any of the sections listed in subdivision (a) produces in court the applicable sport fishing ocean enhancement stamp, sport fishing ocean enhancement validation, second rod sport fishing stamp, second rod sport fishing validation, Colorado River special use stamp, or Colorado River special use validation, Bay-Delta Sport Fishing Enhancement Stamp or Bay-Delta Sport Fishing Enhancement validation issued pursuant to this code and valid at the time of the person's arrest, and if the taking was otherwise lawful with respect to season, limit, time, and area, the court may reduce the fine imposed for the violation to twenty-five dollars (\$25).
- **Comment**. Section 12002.2.1 is amended to delete obsolete material.

# Fish & Game Code § 12023 (amended). Specified punishments

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 12023 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 12023. (a) Notwithstanding Section Sections 12002 and 12007, any person who violates Section 6400 through the use of an aquatic nuisance species, as defined in Section 6431, is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by all of the following:
- (1) Imprisonment in the county jail for not less than six months or more than one year, a fine of not more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for each violation, or both that imprisonment and fine.
- (2) Revocation of all of the defendant's licenses and permits issued pursuant to this code.
- (b) A person who personally or through another violates Section 6400, through the use of an aquatic nuisance species, is liable to the owner of any privately or publicly owned property for any damages to that property caused by the violation. A person who violates Section 6400 through the use of an aquatic nuisance species shall also be liable for all monetary damages directly, indirectly, and proximately caused thereby, including, but not limited to, damages to any commercial fishery, sport fishery, or to the public communities which depend upon those fisheries for a portion of their annual income. The Attorney General may file a civil action on behalf of the fisheries or communities that are damaged as a result of the violation. In addition, a private citizen who suffers damages as a result of the violation may file a civil action against the violator.
- (c) A person who allows an aquatic nuisance species to escape from his or her their property to the property of another, whether privately or publicly owned, is

- liable to the owner of the intruded upon property for any damages caused by the species. 2
  - (d) This section shall not apply to the placement of any live fish, any fresh or salt water animal, or any aquatic plant from the discharge or exchange of ballast water from any vessel as defined by Section 21 of the Harbors and Navigation Code.
  - (e) This section does not apply to the placement of an aquatic plant by a person who was unaware that he or she was they were in possession of the plant. This exception includes circumstances in which a plant becomes unknowingly and temporarily attached or affixed to a boat, boat trailer, or boat motor.
  - Comment. Subdivision (a) of Section 12023, which specifies punishment for a violation of Section 6400, is amended to reconcile its relationship with Sections 12002 and 12007, which also specify punishment for a violation of Section 6400.
    - Subdivisions (c) and (e) are revised to eliminate gendered pronouns.

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# Fish & Game Code § 15700 (amended). Composition of committee

- SEC. \_\_\_\_. Section 15700 of the Fish and Game Code is amended to read:
- 15700. The director shall appoint an Aquaculture Development Committee consisting of the following persons:
- (a) At least 12 members representing all sectors of the fresh and salt water aquaculture industry.
- (b) One member representing the department, two members from and chosen by the University of California, one with expertise in aquaculture science and one with expertise in outreach to the fisheries community, and one member each from and chosen by the Department of Food and Agriculture, the California Coastal Commission, the State Lands Commission, the State Water Resources Control Board, the State Department of Health Services State Department of Public Health, and the Joint Legislative Committee on Fisheries and Aquaculture. The member of the committee appointed by the Joint Legislative Committee on Fisheries and Aquaculture shall meet and, except as otherwise provided by the California Constitution, advise the committee to the extent that this advisory participation is not incompatible with his or her their position as a Member of the Legislature.
- Comment. Section 15700 is amended to update an obsolete reference to the State Department of Health Services. See Health & Safety Code Sections 20 and 131052(6).
- The section is also amended to make it gender neutral.

# PROPOSED CHANGES FOR WHICH STAFF IS SEEKING FURTHER INFORMATION

The table below identifies code sections for which a textual change to a Fish and Game Code section has been proposed, but for which further information is needed before implementing the change in a draft recommendation from the Commission.

Each proposed change is accompanied by a citation to the Commission memorandum or supplement in which the proposed change was most recently presented to the Commission. Each change is further identified according to the "category" of change that best describes the item, defined in those memoranda as follows:

"Category 1" items are proposed changes that have been provisionally approved for inclusion in a recommendation, but are awaiting confirmation that the staff correctly construed commenter input.

"Category 3" items are proposed changes discussed in a Commission Note that no commenter has advised would be problematic, but none have expressly supported.

"Category 4" items are proposed changes that require further discussion between commenters and Commission staff.

Proposed Section	Existing Section	Memorandum	Page no.	Category
5204	2125	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	5	1
24800	15700	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	2	1
26000	3200	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	3	1
26850	2124	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	4	1
26855	2126	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	6	1
27020	2127	21-39 (1st supp)	6	1
27220	2150.3	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	7	1
30505	3700.1	21-39 (1st supp)	8	1
30530	3701	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	9	1
31555	3961	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	9	1
37105	4650	21-45	2	1
37220	3953(b), 4656	21-45	3	1
37300	4651	21-45	3	1
37355	4181.1	21-45	4	1
37455(a)	2576	21-45	6	1
4492	2584	21-20	16	3
4900	12002.6	21-26	9	3

Proposed Section	Existing Section	Memorandum	Page no.	Category
4934	12002.4	21-26	8	3
5332	3680	21-26	8	3
5344(b)	3801.6	21-26	8	3
5680	12002.8	21-26	9	3
5710	12002.8	21-26	9	3
5720	12002.8(d)-(f)	21-26	9	3
5820	12002.8(d)-(f)	21-26	9	3
5880	8429	21-26	10	3
6000	6656	21-26	8	3
6050	12002.5	21-26	10	3
6204	12008.1(a)	21-26	10	3
6250	711.4(f)	21-26	10	3
6350	12007	21-26	10	3
6500	5653(c)	21-26	11	3
8015	2001(c)	21-26 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	13	3
8115	2003	21-26 (1st supp)	13	3
8145	5500	21-26 (1st supp)	13	3
8720	308	21-26 (1st supp)	13	3
9565	3005(d)	21-26 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	14	3
10400	3049	21-26 (1st supp)	15	3
10405	3051(a), (c)	21-26 (1st supp)	15	3
11005	4004(e)	21-26 (1st supp)	13	3
11010	4004(f)	21-26 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	13	3
11020	4004(c)	21-26 (1st supp)	13	3
11155	4004(d)	21-26 (1st supp)	13	3
11510	5507	21-26 (1st supp)	13	3
13205	7151(d)	21-26 (1st supp)	13	3
14600	7852(a), (b)	21-26 (1st supp)	13	3
14870	7856	21-26 (1st supp)	13	3
15105	8400	21-26 (1st supp)	13	3
18820	9027.5(c)	21-39	15	3
18825	9027.5(c)	21-39	15	3
19505	8403(c)	21-39	15	3
20950	8041	21-39	15	3
21005	8043, 8043.1	21-39	15	3

Proposed Section	Existing Section	Memorandum	Page no.	Category
21015	8046(b)	21-39	15	3
21020	8043(b), 8045	21-39	16	3
21110	8046	21-39	15	3
21115	8047	21-39	15	3
21150	8043.1(d), 8046(a), 8047	21-39	15	3
21225	8045, 8047(d)	21-39	15	3
21235	8047(c)(2)	21-39	15	3
21245	8047(e)	21-39	15	3
21300	8050	21-39	16	3
21850	7706	21-39	15	3
24600	15512	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	11	3
24715	15601	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	11	3
25130	1121.5	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	11	3
26200	3300	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	11	3
30510	3681	21-39 (1st supp)	11	3
31050	3801	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	11	3
31550	3960(c)	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	11	3
31605	4180.1	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	11	3
32310(b)	4154	21-45	8	3
33215	4755	21-45	8	3
33220	4757	21-45	8	3
34210	4341	21-45	8	3
34400(b), (c)	4301(a) (1 <sup>st</sup> sent.)	21-45	8	3
34520	457	21-45	8	3
34525	458, 459	21-45	8	3
34600	4181.5	21-45	8	3
34605	4188	21-45	8	3
37205	4654(a), (b)	21-45	8	3
37365	4188	21-45	8	3
34110	4032	21-45	9	3
600	90	21-16	8	4
3250	1055.1 (c), 1 <sup>st</sup> sent	21-16	9	4

Proposed Section	Existing Section	Memorandum	Page no.	Category
3250	1055.1 (c), 2nd sent	21-16	9	4
3250	1055.1 (c), 3 <sup>rd</sup> -4 <sup>th</sup> sent	21-16	9	4
4862	12002.2(c)	21-26	11	4
4864	12000(b)(2)	21-26	12	4
4874	12153	21-26	12	4
4975	8631	21-26	13	4
4980	8632, 9008	21-26	13	4
4982	8633, 9008	21-26	13	4
4984	8635, 9008	21-26	13	4
4986	8630 (2 <sup>nd</sup> para), 9008	21-26	13	4
4988	8634, 9008	21-26	13	4
5108	12002.3	21-26	13	4
5802	12009	21-26	14	4
5804	12006.6	21-26	14	4
8715	315.3	21-26 (1st supp)	15	4
9560	2007	21-26 (1st supp)	15	4
10700	1575(a)	21-26 (1st supp)	16	4
11220	4007	21-26 (1st supp)	16	4
12955	7180.1(b)	21-26 (1st supp)	17	4
12960	7181.1(a)	21-26 (1st supp)	17	4
13100	7149.05(a)(4)	21-26 (1st supp)	17	4
13405(a)	7182.1(a)	21-26 (1st supp)	17	4
13405(b)	7185	21-26 (1st supp)	17	4
14615	7850(c)	21-26 (1st supp)	17	4
15060	7892	21-26 (1st supp)	18	4
15100	8398	21-26 (1st supp)	18	4
15400	8630	21-39	17	4
15605	8601.5	21-39	17	4
15615	8601.5	21-39	17	4
18800	9029	21-39	17	4
18805	9029	21-39	17	4
18810	9029	21-39	17	4
18815	9029	21-39	17	4

Proposed Section	Existing Section	Memorandum	Page no.	Category
18820	9029	21-39	17	4
18825	9029	21-39	17	4
18900	8601.5	21-39	17	4
19225	9005	21-39	17	4
19900	8614	21-39	18	4
21100	8046	21-39	19	4
22515	8104	21-39	19	4
23615	7852.25	21-39	19	4
24220	15406.7	21-39	20	4
26235	3305	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	12	4
26275	3311	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	13	4
29200	356	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	13	4
29215	356	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	13	4
29220	355	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	15	4
30010	3801.6	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	15	4
31110	4181	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	16	4
31550	3960(c)	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	16	4
31555	3961	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	17	4
31605	4180.1	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	18	4
31610	4190	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	18	4
31800	4304	21-39 (1 <sup>st</sup> supp)	15	4
33450(b)	4759	21-45	9	4
33520,33710, 35000, 36015, 37360	4181(a)	21-45	10	4
34515	456, 1 <sup>st</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> sent.	21-45	10	4
34530(a)-(d)	460	21-45	11	4
34865	3953(b)	21-45	11	4